

HOW TO USE CUTEK® COLORTONE



A SIMPLE STEP-BY-STEP GUIDE

1 CHOOSE AND TEST YOUR COLOR

Always test your chosen CUTEK® Colortone on the actual wood before starting. Use a **CUTEK® Pre-Mixed Sample** to confirm you're happy with the final color. Wood species, age, condition, preparation and natural grain can all affect the result.

2 PREPARE YOUR WOOD

Wood must be bare, clean and dry, with a moisture content below 17%. Prepare the surface with the appropriate CUTEK® Prepare product where required.

3 MIX THE CUTEK® COLORTONE

Shake and knead the Colortone tube thoroughly before opening to evenly disperse the pigment. Continue until no settled pigment remains at the bottom of the tube.

4 ADD TO CUTEK® EXTREME

Add the entire Colortone tube to your CUTEK® Extreme clear oil, using the appropriate number of tubes for your can size. Use one 3.2 oz tube per 0.95 gal, or five tubes per 5 gal. Stir thoroughly until evenly dispersed, then stir every 15 minutes during application.

5 APPLY WITH CUTEK® EXTREME

Apply two thin coats for the initial application, **allowing the first coat to dry completely before recoating**. This generally takes 2–3 days in warm, dry conditions and longer in cool or humid weather. For routine maintenance, one coat is usually sufficient, but two may be needed if maintenance has been delayed or the wood is heavily weathered.



After emptying the tube, **draw oil back into it**. Shake gently, then drain it into the can to remove the remaining pigment.

- ✓ **NEVER APPLY CUTEK® COLORTONE ALONE:** It must be mixed with CUTEK® Extreme clear oil.
- ✓ **TEST BEFORE STARTING:** The same Colortone can look different across wood species and conditions.
- ✓ **MAINTAIN THE COLOR:** Clean and recoat when the color begins to fade.

WATCH OUR VIDEO TUTORIAL

Use this step-by-step video as an additional resource to guide you through applying Colortone with Extreme clear oil.

Follow the practical demonstration and expert tips to correctly mix Colortone into Extreme and achieve an even, consistent color.

Testing and mixing correctly from the beginning helps prevent uneven color and delivers the best possible result.

